

Butterfly valves for control, open/close and Changeover applications

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Introduction

Control applications and configuration

An opening angle of 60% is recommended as standard for control applications, no matter what the configured characteristic curve is. Belimo butterfly valves exhibit an equal-percentage characteristic curve in accordance with VDI 2173 for opening angles between 0% and 60%.

For butterfly valves with JR.. and PR..BAC actuator, the flow characteristic can be configured to equal-percentage or linear via Belimo Assistant 2 by Near Field Communication (NFC). Thanks to the configurable linear characteristic curve, 3-way control butterfly valves have a constant mixing characteristic curve, which is perfect for control applications.

Typical applications

Chiller start-up circuit

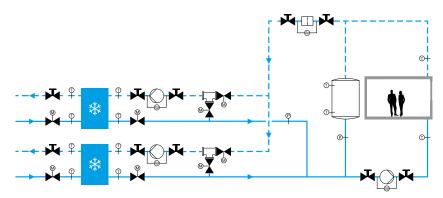


Illustration example

Examples described in detail are listed in the application brochures on heat generation, chillers and cooling towers. Further information: www.belimo.com.

2-way control valve and bypass of the closed cooling tower

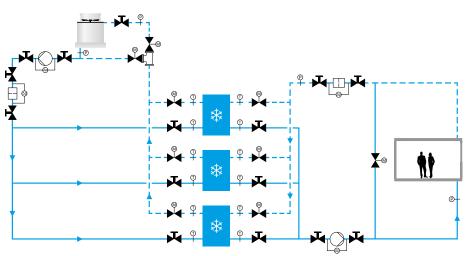


Illustration example

Examples described in detail are listed in the application brochures on heat generation, chillers and cooling towers. Further information: <u>www.belimo.com</u>.

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Open/close and changeover applications

Energy savings and the reduction of leakages will become even more important in the future. The power outputs of boilers or chilling systems are divided up into different performance level categories. Depending on the load, the boilers or chillers will then be switched on or off. They will be shut off in order to minimise performance loss. The leakage rate shall be kept as low as possible. The pressure drop should be minor when the valve is completely open. These are prerequisites for minimising the electrical power of the pumps and thus for lowering operating costs.

Typical applications

Boiler sequential control

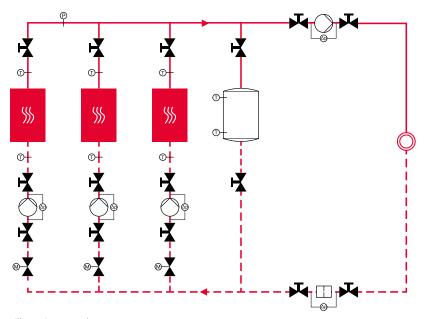
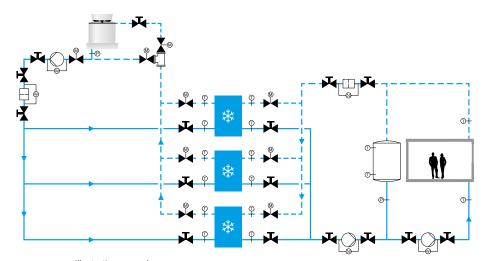


Illustration example

Examples described in detail are listed in the application brochures on heat generation, chillers and cooling towers. Further information: <u>www.belimo.com</u>.



Chiller shut-off and bypass of the closed cooling tower

Illustration example

Examples described in detail are listed in the application brochures on heat generation, chillers and cooling towers. Further information: www.belimo.com.

Butterfly valve and actuator product range

24 V and 230 V rotary actuators with different functionalities, auxiliary switches, and with or without fail-safe in a variety of torque classes ranging from 20 to 3500 Nm are available for the motorisation of the Belimo wafer-type and lug-type butterfly valves (DN 25...700) for indoor and outdoor applications: SR..A-5, SRF..A-5, SR..P-5, GR..A-5, JR.., PR.. and SY..

The butterfly valves can also be manually operated with a lever or worm gear, although worm gears are recommended only for indoor applications.

Wafer-type butterfly valve with lever



Lug-type butterfly valve with worm gear



Wafer-type butterfly valve with SR..A-5 actuator



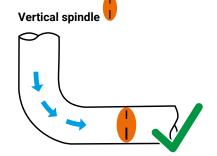
Wafer-type butterfly valve with PR.. actuator



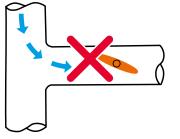
Installation and operation

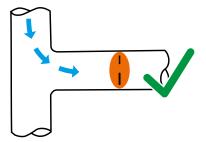
Butterfly valve after a bend

Horizontal spindle



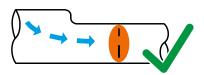
Butterfly valve after a T-piece





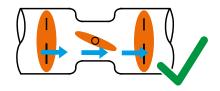
Butterfly valve after a pipe reduction





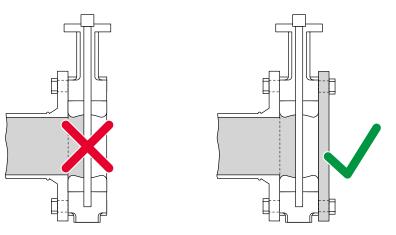
Multiple butterfly valves for control application





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Butterfly valve as end-of-line service



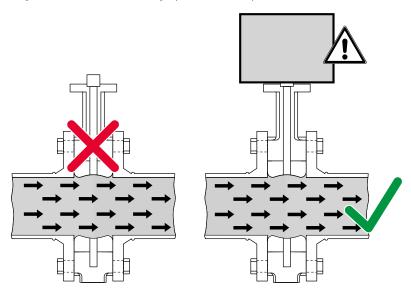
To ensure that the leakage rate of D6..N(L) and D6..W(L) butterfly valves used as end-of-line service is maintained, a contact pressure on the sealing sleeve by a flange is required on both sides. Installation as end-of-line service without a flange providing contact pressure on both sides is not permissible and leads to a defect in the butterfly valve. Furthermore, a closed flange (blanking flange) must be used with D6..W(L).

Generally speaking, butterfly valves must run through a full cycle at least once per month in order to reduce the breakaway torque and avoid having the closing element become stuck in the sealing!

Regular actuation

Important in case of butterfly valves - D6..W(L)

The butterfly valves D6..W and D6..WL shall not be operated without an actuator or worm gear. In the absence of an actuator or worm gear, the butterfly valve might close and cause damage (water hammer).



Project planning

Design

Pipeline clearances

The data, information and limit values on the data sheets and installation instructions must be observed and complied with.

The minimum clearances between the pipelines and the walls and ceilings required for project planning depend not only on the valve dimensions but also on the selected actuator and can be found in the data sheets of the valves and actuators.

2-way control butterfly valves

General information

Butterfly valves can be used in control applications when the following values are complied with:

- To ensure a valve attains good control characteristics thus a long service life for the control element, it needs to be correctly designed with the correct valve authority
- The maximum flow velocity of 4 m/s may not be exceeded in the control butterfly valve
- The maximum differential pressure during flow through the control butterfly valve is 300 kPa (3 bar)
- The butterfly valve ensures a rangeability of at least Sv = 30 (with reference to K_{vs} at 60% opening angle)

| nnical data for control mode | Differential pressure Δp_{v0} : | ≤300 kPa at valve cone opening (may not be exceeded) |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| | Differential pressure Δp_{v60} : | The values listed in the differential pressure table must be complied with |
| | Rangeability: | >30 (at 60% opening angle) |
| ning angle limitation | The S-shaped characteristic | curve of the butterfly value (BEV) does not correspond |

The S-shaped characteristic curve of the butterfly valve (BFV) does not correspond to the equal-percentage characteristic curve pursuant to VDI 2173. It is only in the angle of rotation range between 0% and 60% that one can speak of an equal-percentage characteristic curve. At an opening angle of 60%, the K_{vs} corresponds to approx. 35% of K_{vmax} value at 100% opening angle.

K_v / K_{vmax} 100% S-shaped characteristic curve e.g. D650N Flow 50% Theoretical equal-percentage characteristic curve K_{vs} 35% S-shaped characteristic curve e.g. D6300W 0% 60% 20% 40% 80% 100% 0%

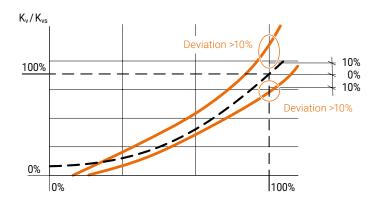
Opening angle

Tech

Opening angle limitation

S-shaped characteristic curve

Scaled characteristic curve range



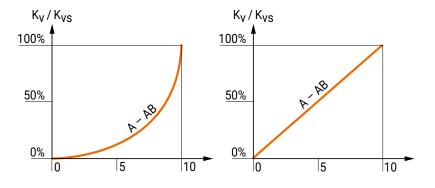
The term K_v value is used to designate the flow factor or flow coefficient (catalogue value). The K_v value corresponds to the flow of water through a valve (in m³/h or l/min) at a differential pressure of 100 kPa (1 bar), a water temperature of 5...40°C and a defined opening angle.

Accordingly, the K_{vmax} is the K_v value of the butterfly valve at 100% opening angle (completely open) and K_{vs} is the K_v value at 60% opening angle.

An opening angle of 60% is recommended as standard for control applications, no matter what the configured characteristic curve is. Depending on the desired K_v value, the opening angle for motorising with the JR.. and PR..BAC actuator can be set with a smartphone by Belimo Assistant 2 via NFC. In case of motorising with the SR or GR actuators, the desired angle of rotation range for MF and MP types can be set via PC-Tool MFT-P, as from Version 3.3 (does not apply to SY actuators).

Configuration of the flow characteristic

For butterfly valves with JR.. and PR..BAC actuator, the flow characteristic can be configured to equal percentage or linear via Belimo Assistant 2 (NFC).



Definition K_{vmax} and K_{vs}

Opening angle configuration

Close-off and max. differential pressure

| | | Actuators | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | SR | | G | GR | | JR | | PR | | | | |
| 2-way control butterfly valves DN 25300 | DN [mm] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | | | | |
| D625N(L) | 25 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| D632N(L) | 32 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| D640N(L) | 40 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| D650N(L) | 50 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 ¹⁾ | 300 | | | | | | |
| D665N(L) | 65 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 ¹⁾ | 300 | | | | | | |
| D680N(L) | 80 | | | 1200 | 300 | 1200 ¹⁾ | 300 | | | | | | |
| D6100W(L) | 100 | | | | | 1400 1) | 300 | | | | | | |
| D6125W(L) | 125 | | | | | 1400 ²⁾ | 300 | | | | | | |
| D6150W(L) | 150 | | | | | 1400 2) | 300 | | | | | | |
| D6200W(L) | 200 | | | | | | | 1400 3) | 300 | | | | |
| D6250W(L) | 250 | | | | | | | 1400 ³⁾ | 300 | | | | |
| D6300W(L) | 300 | | | | | | | 1400 ³⁾ | 300 | | | | |

¹⁾ ZJR03 linkage
 ²⁾ ZJR01 linkage
 ³⁾ ZPR01 linkage

| SY6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| | SY | SY7 | | SY8 | | SY9 | | SY10 | | SY12 | |
| Δp _{max} [kPa] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | |
| 300 | 1200 ¹⁾ | 300 | | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 1200 ³⁾ | 300 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 600 ⁴⁾ | 300 | 1200 4) | 300 | | | | | | | |
| | | | 600 ⁴⁾ | 300 | 1200 5) | 300 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 600 ⁶⁾ | 300 | 1000 6) | 300 | |
| | | | | | | | | | 200 7) | 200 | |
| 2 | [kPa] 300 | [kPa] [kPa] 300 1200 ¹⁾ 300 1200 ³⁾ | [kPa] [kPa] [kPa] 300 1200 ¹⁾ 300 2) 300 1200 ³⁾ 300 | [kPa] [kPa] [kPa] [kPa] 300 1200 ¹⁾ 300 300 1200 ³⁾ 300 300 600 ⁴⁾ 300 1200 ⁴⁾ | $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c } \hline [kPa] & [kPa] & [kPa] & [kPa] & [kPa] \\ \hline 300 & 1200^{11} & 300 & & & \\ \hline 300 & 1200^{31} & 300 & & & \\ \hline 300 & 1200^{31} & 300 & & & \\ \hline & 600^{41} & 300 & 1200^{41} & 300 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | [kPa] [kPa] <t< td=""><td>[kPa] [kPa] <t< td=""><td>$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td></t<></td></t<> | [kPa] [kPa] <t< td=""><td>$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td></t<> | $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | |

¹⁾ ZSY-703 linkage ²⁾ ZSY-401 linkage ³⁾ ZSY-701 linkage ⁴⁾ ZSY-702 linkage ⁵⁾ ZSY-902 linkage ⁶⁾ ZSY-902 linkage ⁷⁾ ZSY-903 linkage

Flow rate at differential pressure 5...40 kPa

| | | | Differential | pressure ∆p | 0 _{v60} | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | | | 5 [kPa] | 10 [kPa] | 20 [kPa] | 30 [kPa] | 40 [kPa] | | | |
| 2-way control butterfly valves DN 25700 | DN [mm] | K _{vs} [m³/h] | Flow rate V | ₅₀ [m³/h] | | | | | | |
| D625N(L) | 25 | 24 | 5.4 | 7.6 | | | | | | |
| D632N(L) | 32 | 25 | 5.6 | 7.9 | 11.2 | | | | | |
| D640N(L) | 40 | 27 | 6.0 | 8.5 | 12.1 | 14.8 | 17.1 | | | |
| D650N(L) | 50 | 30 | 6.7 | 9.5 | 13.4 | 16.4 | 19 | | | |
| D665N(L) | 65 | 50 | 11.2 | 15.8 | 22 | 27 | 32 | | | |
| D680N(L) | 80 | 75 | 16.8 | 24 | 34 | 41 | 47 | | | |
| D6100W(L) | 100 | 220 | 49 | 70 | 98 | | | | | |
| D6125W(L) | 125 | 310 | 69 | 98 | 139 | 169 | | | | |
| D6150W(L) | 150 | 550 | 123 | 174 | 246 | | | | | |
| D6200W(L) | 200 | 820 | 183 | 259 | 367 | 449 | | | | |
| D6250W(L) | 250 | 1300 | 291 | 411 | 581 | 712 | | | | |
| D6300W(L) | 300 | 1740 | 389 | 550 | 778 | 953 | | | | |
| D6350N(L) | 350 | 3010 | 673 | 952 | 1346 | | | | | |
| D6400N(L) | 400 | 4140 | 926 | 1309 | 1851 | | | | | |
| D6450N(L) | 450 | 5490 | 1228 | 1736 | | | | | | |
| D6500N(L) | 500 | 7060 | 1579 | 2233 | | | | | | |
| D6600N(L) | 600 | 10900 | 2437 | 3447 | | | | | | |
| D6700N(L) | 700 | 11760 | 2630 | 3719 | | | | | | |

Formula Δp_{v60}

 $\Delta p_{v60} = \left(\frac{V'_{60}}{K_{vs}}\right)^2 \cdot 100 \qquad \Delta p_{v60} \qquad : [kPa] \\ V'_{60} \qquad : [m^3/h] \\ K_{vs} \qquad : [m^3/h]$

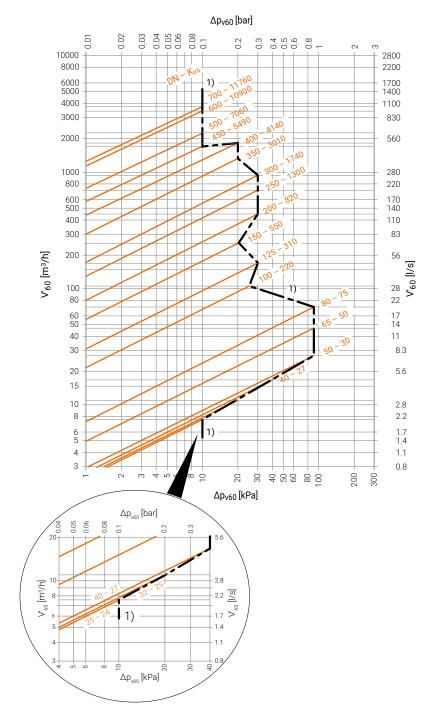
Flow rate at differential pressure 50...90 kPa

| | | | Differentia | l pressure Δ | P _{v60} | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | | | 50 [kPa] | 60 [kPa] | 70 [kPa] | 80 [kPa] | 90 [kPa] | |
| 2-way control butterfly valves DN 25700 | DN [mm] | K _{vs} [m³/h] | Flow rate V | ' ₆₀ [m³/h] | | | | |
| D625N(L) | 25 | 24 | | | | | | |
| D632N(L) | 32 | 25 | | | | | | |
| D640N(L) | 40 | 27 | | | | | | |
| D650N(L) | 50 | 30 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 27 | 28 | |
| D665N(L) | 65 | 50 | 35 | 39 | 42 | 45 | 47 | |
| D680N(L) | 80 | 75 | 53 | 58 | 63 | 67 | 71 | |
| D6100W(L) | 100 | 220 | | | | | | |
| D6125W(L) | 125 | 310 | | | | | | |
| D6150W(L) | 150 | 550 | | | | | | |
| D6200W(L) | 200 | 820 | | | | | | |
| D6250W(L) | 250 | 1300 | | | | | | |
| D6300W(L) | 300 | 1740 | | | | | | |
| D6350N(L) | 350 | 3010 | | | | | | |
| D6400N(L) | 400 | 4140 | | | | | | |
| D6450N(L) | 450 | 5490 | | | | | | |
| D6500N(L) | 500 | 7060 | | | | | | |
| D6600N(L) | 600 | 10900 | | | | | | |
| D6700N(L) | 700 | 11760 | | | | | | |

Formula Δp_{v60}

$$\Delta p_{v60} = \left(\frac{V'_{60}}{K_{vs}}\right)^2 \cdot 100 \qquad \begin{array}{c} \Delta p_{v60} & : [kPa] \\ V'_{60} & : [m^3/h] \\ K_{vs} & : [m^3/h] \end{array}$$

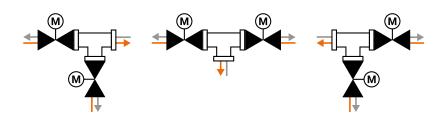




¹⁾ The maximum flow velocity in the butterfly valves is 4 m/s.

| Δp _{v60} | Differential pressure at 60% opening angle |
|-------------------|---|
| Δp _{v60} | |
| V'60 | Nominal flow rate at Δp_{v60} |
| K _{vs} | K_{ν} value of the butterfly valve at 60% opening angle |

3-way control butterfly valves

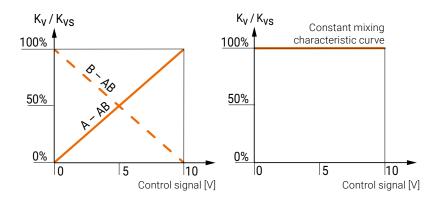


Opening angle configuration

An opening angle of 60% is recommended as standard for control applications, no matter what the configured characteristic curve is. Depending on the desired K_v value, the opening angle for motorising with the JR.. and PR..BAC actuator can be set with a smartphone by Belimo Assistant 2 via NFC.

Constant mixing characteristic curve

For butterfly valves with JR.. and PR..BAC actuator, the flow characteristic can be configured to linear via Belimo Assistant 2 (NFC). Thanks to the configurable linear characteristic curve, 3-way control butterfly valves have a constant mixing characteristic curve, which is perfect for control applications.



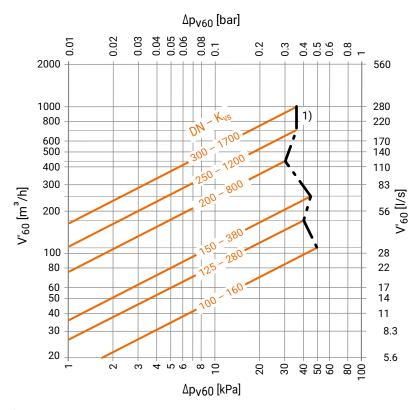
Flow rate at differential pressure 5...40 kPa

| | | Differential pressure Δp_{v60} | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | 5 [kPa] | 10 [kPa] | 15 [kPa] | 20 [kPa] | 25 [kPa] | 30 [kPa] | 35 [kPa] | 40 [kPa] | |
| DN [mm] | K _{vs} [m³/h] | Flow rate V' ₆₀ [m³/h] | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 160 | 35 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 95 | 100 | |
| 125 | 280 | 65 | 90 | 110 | 125 | 140 | 155 | 165 | | |
| 150 | 380 | 85 | 120 | 145 | 170 | 190 | 210 | 225 | 240 | |
| 200 | 800 | 180 | 250 | 300 | 360 | 400 | 440 | | | |
| 250 | 1200 | 260 | 370 | 460 | 530 | 600 | 650 | 700 | | |
| 300 | 1700 | 380 | 530 | 660 | 760 | 850 | 925 | 1000 | | |
| | [mm] 100 125 150 200 250 | [mm] [m³/h] 100 160 125 280 150 380 200 800 250 1200 | DN Kvs Flow rate V 100 160 35 125 280 65 150 380 85 200 800 180 250 1200 260 | S 10 [kPa] [kPa] DN Kvs [mm] [m³/h] Flow rate V'60 [m³/h] 100 160 35 50 125 280 65 380 85 120 200 800 180 250 250 1200 260 370 | Image: Street with the second symbol symbo | N Kys I0 15 20 [mm] [m³/h] Flow rate V'60 [m³/h] [kPa] [kPa] 100 160 35 50 60 70 125 280 65 90 110 125 150 380 85 120 145 170 200 800 180 250 300 360 250 1200 260 370 460 530 | N Kys Flow rate V'60 [m³/h] 15 20 25 [kPa] 20 25 [kPa] 20 25 [kPa] 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 25 20 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 400 30 400 30 400 30 400 <th< td=""><td>N 5 10 15 20 25 30 [kPa] [kP</td><td>N 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 Imm 5 10 [kPa] 15 20 25 30 35 DN Kys [m³/h] Flow rate V'60 [m³/h] Image: Contract Contrent 1200</td></th<> | N 5 10 15 20 25 30 [kPa] [kP | N 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 Imm 5 10 [kPa] 15 20 25 30 35 DN Kys [m³/h] Flow rate V'60 [m³/h] Image: Contract Contrent 1200 | |

Formula Δp_{v60}

$$\Delta p_{v60} = \left(\frac{V'_{60}}{K_{vs}}\right)^2 \cdot 100 \qquad \Delta p_{v60} : [kPa] \\ V'_{60} : [m^3/h] \\ K_{vs} : [m^3/h]$$

Pressure drop Δp_{v60} at 60% opening angle



¹⁾ The maximum flow velocity in the butterfly valves is 4 m/s.

- Differential pressure at 60% opening angle Δp_{v60} ∆p_{v60} V'60 Nominal flow rate at Δp_{v100}
- **K**vs K_{ν} value of the butterfly valve at 60% opening angle

Open/close butterfly valves



General information

The open/close and changeover butterfly valves can be used when the following values are complied with:

- The maximum flow velocity of 4 m/s may not be exceeded in the valve

 The butterfly valve is to be selected according to the principle "Nominal pipe diameter = Nominal valve diameter" to keep the pressure drop as low as possible

Open/close butterfly valves in manual operation

| Open/close | | | Manual operation | |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| butterfly valves DN 25700 | DN [mm] | ζ zeta value | Lever | Worm gear ¹⁾ |
| D625N(L) | 25 | 0.25 | ZD6N-H100 | ZD6N-S100 |
| D632N(L) | 32 | 0.55 | ZD6N-H100 | ZD6N-S100 |
| D640N(L) | 40 | 0.97 | ZD6N-H100 | ZD6N-S100 |
| D650N(L) | 50 | 1.00 | ZD6N-H100 | ZD6N-S100 |
| D665N(L) | 65 | 0.99 | ZD6N-H100 | ZD6N-S100 |
| D680N(L) | 80 | 0.97 | ZD6N-H100 | ZD6N-S100 |
| D6100W(L) | 100 | 0.34 | | ZD6N-S100 |
| D6125W(L) | 125 | 0.40 | | ZD6N-S150 |
| D6150W(L) | 150 | 0.26 | | ZD6N-S150 |
| D6200W(L) | 200 | 0.53 | | ZD6N-S150 |
| D6250W(L) | 250 | 0.35 | | ZD6N-S150 |
| D6300W(L) | 300 | 0.40 | | ZD6N-S150 |
| D6350N(L) | 350 | 0.23 | | ZD6N-S350 |
| D6400N(L) | 400 | 0.20 | | ZD6N-S400 |
| D6450N(L) | 450 | 0.19 | | ZD6N-S450 |
| D6500N(L) | 500 | 0.17 | | ZD6N-S500 |
| D6600N(L) | 600 | 0.15 | | ZD6N-S600 |
| D6700N(L) | 700 | 0.21 | | ZD6N-S700 |
| | | | | |

¹⁾ Worm gears are not suitable for outdoor applications.

Close-off and max. differential pressure

| | | Actuators | 5 | | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | SR | | G | R | JF | ۲ | PI | २ |
| Open/close butterfly valves DN 25300 | DN [mm] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] | Δp _s [kPa] | ∆p _{max} [kPa] |
| D625N(L) | 25 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | | | | |
| D632N(L) | 32 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | | | | |
| D640N(L) | 40 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | | | | |
| D650N(L) | 50 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 ¹⁾ | 300 | | |
| D665N(L) | 65 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 300 | 1200 ¹⁾ | 300 | | |
| D680N(L) | 80 | | | 1200 | 300 | 1200 ¹⁾ | 300 | | |
| D6100W(L) | 100 | | | | | 1400 ¹⁾ | 300 | | |
| D6125W(L) | 125 | | | | | 1400 ²⁾ | 300 | | |
| D6150W(L) | 150 | | | | | 1400 ²⁾ | 300 | | |
| D6200W(L) | 200 | | | | | | | 1400 ³⁾ | 300 |
| D6250W(L) | 250 | | | | · | | | 1400 ³⁾ | 300 |
| D6300W(L) | 300 | | | | | | | 1400 3) | 300 |

¹⁾ ZJR03 linkage
 ²⁾ ZJR01 linkage
 ³⁾ ZPR01 linkage

| | | Actuato | rs | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | SY6 | | SY7 | | SY8 | | SY9 | | SY10 | | SY12 | |
| Open/close butterfly valves DN 350700 | DN [mm] | Δp _s [kPa] | Δp _{max} [kPa] |
| D6350N(L) | 350 | 600 | 300 | 1200 ¹⁾ | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| D6400N(L) | 400 | 600 ²⁾ | 300 | 1200 ³⁾ | 300 | | | | | | | | |
| D6450N(L) | 450 | | | 600 ⁴⁾ | 300 | 1200 4) | 300 | | | | | | |
| D6500N(L) | 500 | | | | | 600 ⁴⁾ | 300 | 1200 5) | 300 | | | | |
| D6600N(L) | 600 | | | | | | | | | 600 ⁶⁾ | 300 | 1000 6) | 300 |
| D6700N(L) | 700 | | | | | | | | | | | 200 7) | 200 |

¹⁾ ZSY-703 linkage
 ²⁾ ZSY-401 linkage
 ³⁾ ZSY-701 linkage
 ⁴⁾ ZSY-702 linkage
 ⁵⁾ ZSY-901 linkage
 ⁶⁾ ZSY-902 linkage
 ⁷⁾ ZSY-903 linkage

Flow rate at differential pressure 0.01...3 kPa

| | Differential pressure Δp_{v100} | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | 0.01 [kPa] | 0.1 [kPa] | 1 [kPa] | 2 [kPa] | 3 [kPa] |
| Open/close butterfly valves DN 25700 | DN [mm] | K _{vmax} [m ³ /h] | Flow rate V | ₁₀₀ [m³/h] | | | |
| D625N(L) | 25 | 50 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 5 | 7 | |
| D632N(L) | 32 | 55 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 5.5 | 7.8 | 9.5 |
| D640N(L) | 40 | 65 | 0.7 | 2.0 | 6.5 | 9.2 | 11.3 |
| D650N(L) | 50 | 100 | 1.0 | 3.2 | 10 | 14.1 | 17.3 |
| D665N(L) | 65 | 170 | 1.7 | 5.4 | 17 | 24 | 29 |
| D680N(L) | 80 | 260 | 2.6 | 8.2 | 26 | 37 | 45 |
| D6100W(L) | 100 | 690 | 6.9 | 22 | 69 | 98 | |
| D6125W(L) | 125 | 990 | 9.9 | 31 | 99 | 140 | 172 |
| D6150W(L) | 150 | 1400 | 14 | 44 | 140 | 198 | |
| D6200W(L) | 200 | 2200 | 22 | 70 | 220 | 311 | 381 |
| D6250W(L) | 250 | 4200 | 42 | 133 | 420 | 594 | 727 |
| D6300W(L) | 300 | 5700 | 57 | 180 | 570 | 806 | 987 |
| D6350N(L) | 350 | 10300 | 103 | 326 | 1030 | 1457 | |
| D6400N(L) | 400 | 14200 | 142 | 449 | 1420 | 2008 | |
| D6450N(L) | 450 | 18800 | 188 | 595 | 1880 | | |
| D6500N(L) | 500 | 24100 | 241 | 762 | 2410 | | |
| D6600N(L) | 600 | 37300 | 373 | 1180 | 3730 | | |
| D6700N(L) | 700 | 42800 | 428 | 1353 | 4280 | | |

Formula Δp_{v100}

 $\Delta p_{v100} = \left(\frac{V_{100}^{*}}{K_{vmax}}\right)^{2} \cdot 100 \qquad \begin{array}{l} \Delta p_{v100} & : [kPa] \\ V_{100}^{*} & : [m^{3}/h] \\ K_{vmax} & : [m^{3}/h] \end{array}$

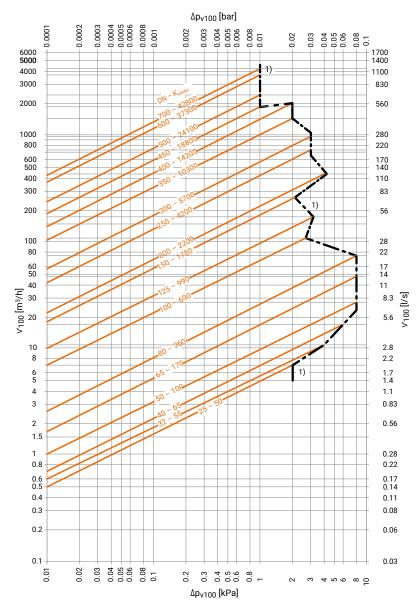
Flow rate at differential pressure 4...8 kPa

| | | | Differential pressure Δp_{v100} | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | | | 4 [kPa] | 5 [kPa] | 6 [kPa] | 7 [kPa] | 8 [kPa] | | | |
| Open/close butterfly valves DN 25700 | DN [mm] | K _{vmax} [m³/h] | Flow rate V | ' ₁₀₀ [m³/h] | | | | | | |
| D625N(L) | 25 | 50 | | | | | | | | |
| D632N(L) | 32 | 55 | 11 | | | | | | | |
| D640N(L) | 40 | 65 | 13 | 14.5 | 16 | 17.2 | | | | |
| D650N(L) | 50 | 100 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 28 | | | |
| D665N(L) | 65 | 170 | 34 | 38 | 42 | 45 | 48 | | | |
| D680N(L) | 80 | 260 | 52 | 58 | 64 | 69 | 74 | | | |
| D6100W(L) | 100 | 690 | | | | | | | | |
| D6125W(L) | 125 | 990 | | | | | | | | |
| D6150W(L) | 150 | 1780 | | | | | | | | |
| D6200W(L) | 200 | 2200 | 440 | | | | | | | |
| D6250W(L) | 250 | 4200 | | | | | | | | |
| D6300W(L) | 300 | 5700 | | | | | | | | |
| D6350N(L) | 350 | 10300 | | | | | | | | |
| D6400N(L) | 400 | 14200 | | | | | | | | |
| D6450N(L) | 450 | 18800 | | | | | | | | |
| D6500N(L) | 500 | 24100 | | | | | | | | |
| D6600N(L) | 600 | 37300 | | | | | | | | |
| D6700N(L) | 700 | 42800 | | | | | | | | |

Formula Δp_{v100}

 $\Delta p_{v100} = \left(\frac{V'_{100}}{K_{vmax}}\right)^2 \cdot 100 \qquad \begin{array}{l} \Delta p_{v100} & : [kPa] \\ V'_{100} & : [m^3/h] \\ K_{vmax} & : [m^3/h] \end{array}$

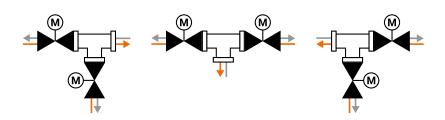
Pressure drop Δp_{v100} at 100% opening angle



¹⁾ The maximum flow velocity in the butterfly valves is 4 m/s.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \Delta p_{v100} & \mbox{Differential pressure at 100\% opening angle} \\ \Delta p_{v100} & \mbox{----} \\ V_{100}^{\prime} & \mbox{Nominal flow rate at } \Delta p_{v100} \\ K_{vmax} & \mbox{K}_v \mbox{value of the butterfly valve at 100\% opening angle} \end{array}$

Changeover butterfly valves



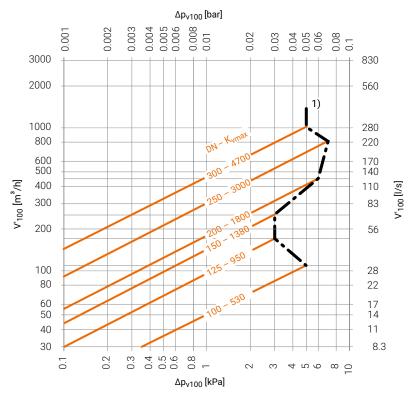
Flow rate at differential pressure 1...6 kPa

| | | | Differential pressure Δp_{v100} | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| | | | 1 [kPa] | 2 [kPa] | 3 [kPa] | 4 [kPa] | 5 [kPa] | 6 [kPa] | | |
| Changeover butterfly valves DN 100300 | DN [mm] | K _{vmax} [m³/h] | Flow rate V | ' ₁₀₀ [m³/h] | | | | | | |
| D7100WL/BAC | 100 | 530 | 55 | 75 | 90 | 105 | | | | |
| D7125WL/BAC | 125 | 950 | 95 | 135 | 165 | | | | | |
| D7150WL/BAC | 150 | 1380 | 140 | 195 | 240 | | | | | |
| D7200WL/BAC | 200 | 1800 | 180 | 255 | 300 | 340 | 380 | 440 | | |
| D7250WL/BAC | 250 | 3000 | 300 | 424 | 500 | 600 | 650 | 700 | | |
| D7300WL/BAC | 300 | 4700 | 470 | 665 | 760 | 890 | 1000 | | | |

Formula Δp_{v100}

 $\Delta p_{v100} = \left(\frac{V'_{100}}{K_{vmax}}\right)^2 \cdot 100 \qquad \Delta p_{v100} : [kPa] \\ V'_{100} : [m^3/h] \\ K_{vmax} : [m^3/h]$

Pressure drop Δp_{v100} at 100% opening angle



 $^{\mbox{\tiny 1)}}$ The maximum flow velocity in the butterfly valves is 4 m/s.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \Delta p_{v100} & \mbox{Differential pressure at 100\% opening angle} \\ \Delta p_{v100} & \mbox{----} \\ V_{100}^{\prime} & \mbox{Nominal flow rate at } \Delta p_{v100} \\ K_{vmax} & \mbox{K}_v \mbox{value of the butterfly valve at 100\% opening angle} \end{array}$

Definitions

Formula symbols

| Kv | Flow rate factor or flow coefficient (catalogue value). The K _v value corresponds to the flow of water through a valve (in m^3/h or I/min) at a differential pressure of 100 kPa (1 bar), a water temperature of 540°C and a defined opening angle |
|--------------------------|---|
| K _{vmax} | $\rm K_v$ value of the butterfly valve at 100% opening angle |
| K _{vs} | $\mathrm{K_v}$ value of the butterfly value at 60% opening angle |
| Δp _s | Close-off pressure at which the actuator can still seal the butterfly valve tightly allowing for the appropriate leakage rate |
| Δp _{v100} | Maximum permissible differential pressure in compliance with the flow velocity of 4 m/s with butterfly valve completely open (100%) |
| Δp _{v60} | Maximum permissible differential pressure in compliance with the flow velocity of 4 m/s at 60% opening angle of the butterfly valve |
| Δp _{v0} | Differential pressure at closing element opening |
| V' ₁₀₀ | Nominal flow rate at Δp_{v100} |
| V' ₆₀ | Nominal flow rate at Δp_{v60} |
| ζ value | Zeta ζ is the coefficient for the pressure drop through the fully opened butterfly valve (100%) |
| Further documentation | Data sheets butterfly valves and actuators Installation instructions butterfly valves and actuators General notes for project planning |

- Application brochure for chillers and cooling towers
- Application brochure for heat generation

All inclusive.

Belimo is the global market leader in the development, production, and sales of field devices for the energy-efficient control of heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems. The focus of our core business is on damper actuators, control valves, sensors and meters.

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